#### Optimization. Tabu search

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• the main idea - using memory

#### Tabu search

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• remembering solutions or moves (changes)

#### An example of storing tabu moves (iteration 0)

Tabu list structure:



Inside: "tabu tenure" (the number of iterations until deactivation).

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**Iteration 0** (starting point, maximization task)





### An example of storing tabu moves (iterations 1, 2)







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Current solution – value=16











#### An example of storing tabu moves (iterations 3, 4)







An example of storing tabu moves (iterations 3, 4) Superly

# Iteration 3 4 2 7 1 5 6 3

Current solution – value=14





 $\circ$ 

An example of storing tabu moves (iterations 3, 4)

# Iteration 3 4 2 7 1 5 6 3

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 $\circ$ 

Iteration 4							
5	2	7	1	4	6	3	



	m	ove	Δ	
	7	1	0	
	4	3	-3	
	6	3	-5	
т	5	4	-6	
	2	6	-8	

#### Recency-based memory vs. frequency-based memory

The frequency of individual moves can be additionally used to disperse the search in the space of possible solutions (i.e., diversification). For example, moves can get a penalty proportional to their frequency if they don't improve the value of the solution.

Diversification is only useful under certain conditions (e.g., when there are no improvements).



#### **Iteration 26**. $\Delta' = \Delta$ -frequency\_penalty

6 3

```
procedure TABU_SEARCH
begin
    INITIALIZE(xstart, xbest, T)
    x := x start
    repeat
         \mathsf{GENERATE}(V \subset N(x))
         SELECT(x') //best f in V + aspiration
         UPDATE_TABU_LIST(T)
         <u>if</u> f(x') \leq f(xbest) <u>then</u> xbest := x'
         x := x'
    until STOPPING_CONDITION
end
```

The algorithm is deterministic.

• TS author: "a bad strategic choice is better than a good random choice" (because it is under control, so one can evaluate the strategy and draw conclusions)

- what for: to avoid the need for generating and evaluating the entire neighborhood in each iteration
- a good move, if not applied in the current iteration, will still be good in the next few iterations (?)

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- which subset V ⊂ N of the set of neighbors N should constitute the subset of candidates?
  - candidates = good neighbors
  - we need to choose the moves that are beneficial... for the current solution and for future ones.

# Construction of the list of candidates. The idea of strategy 1: "Aspiration plus"

- searching the neighborhood until a neighbor is found better by a certain threshold value ("aspiration plus")
- the number of candidates increases until the threshold value is reached
- Min  $\leq$  number of visited neighbors  $\leq$  Max
- aspiration level may vary during the search (may depend on the search history)
- the strategy returns 1 or more best neighbors found
- as many as 3 parameters...
- details: [1]



# Construction of the list of candidates. The idea of strategy 2: "Elite candidate list"

- to build the list, check all or most of the moves and select the best k of them (k is a parameter)
- in subsequent iterations, the currently best move from the list is applied until the quality of the move drops below a given threshold, or a certain number of iterations is reached
- can be adaptive
- details: [1]



#### Aspiration criteria

- goal: to decide when tabu restrictions can be overridden
- basic aspiration criterion (by optimization objective, global, shown in the example in the beginning of this presentation): remove the tabu constraint when the move yields a solution better than the best solution found so far

#### aspiration by default

- if all moves are tabu and they are not allowed by other criteria, then the move that is the least tabu is selected
- aspiration by optimization objective
  - global the move x → x' that is tabu is accepted if cost(x') < best\_cost</li>
  - regional (the solution space is divided into regions R) the move that is tabu is accepted if cost(x') < best\_cost(R). R is the region where x' is located.

## Unification of optimization algorithms

Intensification and diversification (exploitation and exploration) - related: MAB

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- Discussion: is higher intensification than LS possible?
- EA? RW? RS with forced diversification?
- Can both properties be simultaneously improved? 2D?
- What happens to exploitation and exploration when "the fundamental premise of optimization" fades away?

#### Intensification and diversification in Tabu Search

### Intensification and diversification in Tabu Search

- intensification (exploitation)
  - in areas with good solutions
  - coming back to the best solution found so far
  - short term memory shortening the tabu list
  - long term memory
    - each solution or move is a collection of components
    - remembering the components of good moves or solutions during optimization
    - during the intensification period, moves or solutions incorporate the good components
    - long-term memory enables "learning"
- diversification (exploration)
  - for rarely visited areas
  - penalizing frequent moves escaping from the area
- these mechanisms can be perceived as a way of modifying the objective function: f' = f + Int + Div

#### References I

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